

Periodic table of elements

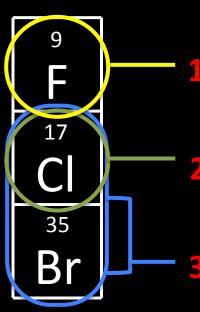
hydrogen 1	440.0	Halogens														helium 2		
H																	• •	He
1.0079												į.		1	ř	1	V	4.0026
lithium 3	beryllium 4												boron 5	carbon 6	nitrogen 7	oxygen 8	fluorine 9	neon 10
Li	Be												В	C	N	0	F	Ne
6.941	9.0122												10.811	12.011	14.007	15.999	18.998	20.180
sodium 11	magnesium 12												aluminium 13	silicon 14	phosphorus 15	sulfur 16	chlorine 17	argon 18
Na	Mg												Al	Si	Р	S	CI	Ar
22.990 potassium	24.305 calcium	г	o o o o di um	titamium	sano dium	abramium	mongonoco	ionn	ashalt	piekal	conner	7 in o	26.982 gallium	28.086	30.974	32.065 selenium	35.453 bromine	39.948
19	20		scandium 21	titanium 22	vanadium 23	chromium 24	manganese 25	iron 26	cobalt 27	nickel 28	copper 29	zinc 30	31	germanium 32	arsenic 33	34	35	krypton 36
K	Ca		Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
39.098	40.078		44.956	47.867	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.845	58.933	58.693	63.546	65.39	69.723	72.61	74.922	78.96	79.904	83.80
rubidium	strontium		yttrium	zirconium	niobium	molybdenum	technetium	ruthenium	rhodium	palladium	silver	cadmium	indium	tin	antimony	tellurium	FO	xenon
37	38		39	40	41	42	43	_44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	_52	53	54
Rb	Sr		Y	Zr	Nb	Мо	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Те		Xe
85.468	87.62		88.906	91.224	92.906	95.94	[98]	101.07	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71	121.76	127.60	126.90	131.29
caesium 55	56	57-70	lutetium 71	hafnium 72	tantalum 73	tungsten 74	rhenium 75	osmium 76	iridium 77	platinum 78	gold 79	mercury 80	thallium 81	lead 82	bismuth 83	polonium 84	astatine 85	radon 86
Cs	Ba	*	Lu	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	TI	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
132.91	137.33		174.97	178.49	180.95	183.84	186.21	190.23	192.22	195.08	196.97	200.59	204.38	207.2	208.98	[209]	[210]	[222]
francium	radium	00.400		rutherfordium	dubnium	seaborgium	bohrium	hassium	meitnerium	ununnilium	unununium	ununbium		ununquadium				
87	88	89-102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112		114				
Fr	Ra	* *	Lr	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Uun	Uuu	Uub		Uuq				
[223]	[226]		[262]	[261]	[262]	[266]	[264]	[269]	[268]	[271]	[272]	[277]		[289]]			

100		Control of the second	
*	Lant	hanide	series

* * Actinide series

	lanthanum 57	cerium 58	praseodymium 59	neodymium 60	promethium 61	samarium 62	europium 63	gadolinium 64	terbium 65	dysprosium 66	holmium 67	erbium 68	thulium 69	ytterbium 70
	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Но	Er	Tm	Yb
-1	138.91	140.12	140.91	144.24	[145]	150.36	151.96	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.04
ı	actinium	thorium	protactinium	uranium	neptunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	fermium	mendelevium	nobelium
1	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102
	Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No
L	[227]	232.04	231.04	238.03	[237]	[244]	[243]	[247]	[247]	[251]	[252]	[257]	[258]	[259]

Six classes



Fluorinated chemicals
 stain and water repellants

- 2. Chlorinated antimicrobials triclosan and triclocarban
- 3. Flame retardants brominated, chlorinated, phosphate
- 4. Endocrine disrupting plasticizers BPA, phthalates, etc.
- 5. Some solvents benzene, methylene chloride, xylene, etc.
- 6. Some heavy metals lead, mercury, chromium, cadmium, arsenic, etc.



Toxics Use Reduction Institute

Solvents

Six Chemical Classes Webinar Series

Liz Harriman Toxics Use Reduction Institute

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Solvents – basic functions

- Dissolve or disperse materials
- Carrier solvents
- Cleaning and stripping
- Mixing medium



Hydrocarbon Solvents

 CH_3

Aliphatic organic
 solvents

Petroleum
 distillates, mineral spirits, hexane

 Paints, coatings, thinners





 Aromatic organic solvents

> Toluene, xylene, benzene

adhesives, printing





Chlorinated Solvents

 Methylene chloride
 Paint strippers (dichloromethane)



Credit: Making it mine blogspot

perchloroethylene (perc)

Dry cleaning







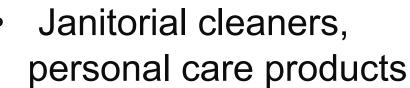
Oxygenated Solvents

- Examples:
 - ethyl acetate
 - acetone

- glycol ethers
- alcohols



Nail polish and polish remover



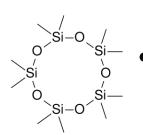






Volatile Methyl Siloxanes: cyclosiloxanes

- Examples:
 - D5 cyclic siloxane



Dry cleaning





D4 and D5
 cyclic siloxanes
 (cyclomethicone,
 cyclosiloxanes)



 Cosmetics, hair conditioners, personal care products

Purpose Antiperspirant

Use Reduces underarm perspiration

Warnings

For external use only. Ask a doctor before use if you had not use on broken skin. Stop use if rash or irritation or reach of children. If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. Do not use if the security seal is broken or missing.

Directions Apply as needed to underarms

Non-medicinal Ingredients

WATER/EAD • CYCLOPENTASILOXANE • PPG-15 STEARN ETHER • CETEARYL_ALCOHOL • DICAPRYLYL CARBONATE DIMETHICONE • CETEARETH-33 • PARRUM/FRAGRANCE CETYL-ALCOHOL







Water

Nature's original solvent











Human Health Concerns

Broad, diverse category with various concerns

- Neurotoxicity most organic solvents
- Carcinogenicity Chlorinated/brominated
- Liver and kidney toxicity many organic solvents
- Reproductive toxicity
 - e.g., ethylene glycol ethers, N methyl pyrrolidone (NMP)
- Contact dermatitis, defatting of skin many organic solvents



Other Concerns

Broad, diverse category with various concerns

- Environmental Concerns
 - Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
 contribute to ground level ozone pollution
 - Potential groundwater contamination from spills
 - Persistence siloxanes, chlorinated solvents
- Safety Concerns
 - Flammability many organic solvents



Examples of Exposure

Methylene Chloride paint strippers



- Very volatile, high inhalation exposure
- High vapor density vapor "sinks"
- Worker deaths from bathtub refinishing
- Cyclosiloxanes
 - Volatile, inhalation exposure





- Used widely in personal care products and found throughout the environment
- Health and environmental concerns



Siloxanes - Current activity and concerns

There's no such place as "away"

- Cyclic Siloxanes D4, D5, D6
 - EPA negotiating exposure monitoring agreement with industry. Risk assessment is planned.
 - Biomonitoring in California
- D5: Canadian Siloxane D5 Board of Review
 - concluded that although persistent, unlikely to cause environmental effects
- D4: Canada requires pollution prevention planning
 - EU Determination of Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic



Solutions? Safer Alternatives

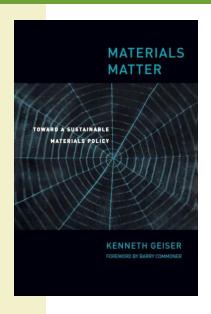
- Paints and coatings: water-based products
- Paint strippers: dibasic esters
- Garment dry cleaning: wet cleaning
- Ethylene based glycol ethers: propylene based glycol ethers



Take Away Points for Solvents

- Diverse set of substances
- Many known health, environmental, and safety concerns
 - Neurotoxicity, flammability, liver and kidney toxicity, respiratory, eye and skin irritants
- Some emerging concerns or questions
 - E.g., cyclosiloxanes
- Safer alternatives available
- Move forward using Green Chemistry





Book recommendation:
Materials Matter
By Dr. Kenneth Geiser

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"The products we purchase and use are assembled from a wide range of naturally occurring and manufactured materials. But too often we create hazards for the ecosystem and human health as we mine, process, distribute, use and dispose of these materials... This book argues that the safest and least costly point at which to avoid environmental damage is when materials are first designed and selected for use..."